# CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

#### ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6180

Chapter 196, Laws of 1992

52nd Legislature 1992 Regular Session

FAIR START PROGRAM

EFFECTIVE DATE: 6/11/92

Passed by the Senate March 12, 1992 Yeas 25 Nays 20

#### JOEL PRITCHARD

#### President of the Senate

Passed by the House March 12, 1992 Yeas 97 Nays 0

# CERTIFICATE

I, Gordon Golob, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6180** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

JOE KING

# Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved April 2, 1992

GORDON A. GOLOB

Secretary

FILED

April 2, 1992 - 11:31 a.m.

BOOTH GARDNER

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

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#### ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6180

# AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 1992 Regular Session

State of Washington 52nd Legislature 1992 Regular Session

**By** Senate Committee on Education (originally sponsored by Senators Bailey, Erwin, Oke, Barr, Nelson and Skratek)

Read first time 02/04/92.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to education programs; adding new sections to
- 2 chapter 28A.600 RCW; and creating a new section.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** (1) A student's ability to learn can be
- 5 adversely impacted by a number of factors, including but not limited
- 6 to: Lack of parent involvement and support; child abuse and neglect;
- 7 poverty, including parental unemployment or underemployment; family
- 8 transiency and homelessness; drug and alcohol abuse; poor health and
- 9 nutrition; crime; and peer influence.
- 10 (2) The legislature finds that:
- 11 (a) Prevention and intervention services at the elementary school
- 12 level can offer early identification, encouragement, and follow-up of
- 13 each child's special interests, creative talents, and particular
- 14 abilities as well as identification of and cooperative assistance with

- 1 learning, emotional, environmental, social, or physical obstacles to
- 2 normal child growth and development; and
- 3 (b) The provision of counseling and related prevention and
- 4 intervention services at the elementary school level can contribute to
- 5 enhancement of the classroom environment for students and teachers, and
- 6 better enable students to realize their academic and personal
- 7 potential.
- 8 (c) The legislature finds that services should be provided to the
- 9 extent possible by public or private human service agencies.
- 10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** Unless the context clearly requires
- 11 otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout sections 2
- 12 through 7 of this act.
- 13 (1) "Child intervention specialist" or "community-based public or
- 14 private human service provider" means a person who provides early
- 15 intervention and prevention services and includes but is not limited to
- 16 services provided by licensed mental health professionals, child
- 17 psychiatrists, health care providers, social service caseworkers or
- 18 social workers, school counselors, school psychologists, school nurses,
- 19 and school social workers.
- 20 (2) "Early grades," "elementary grades," and "elementary level"
- 21 mean kindergarten through grade six and may include preschool age
- 22 children served by the school district.
- 23 (3) "Elementary grades prevention and intervention program" means
- 24 a district-wide program or plan of early detection, prevention, and
- 25 intervention of learning, emotional, environmental, social, or physical
- 26 problems of elementary students, that addresses student and family
- 27 needs; the appropriate use and roles of child intervention specialists,
- 28 including training and necessary supervision; interprofessional
- 29 cooperation; and interagency, public and private, collaboration and

- 1 coordination of the planning, delivery, and evaluation of programs and
- 2 services.
- 3 (4) "Early intervention services" means services that are provided
- 4 to address social and emotional factors that can affect student
- 5 performance and behavior and that are provided when problems just begin
- 6 to emerge.
- 7 (5) "Prevention services" means services that are provided to
- 8 address social and emotional factors that can affect student
- 9 performance and behavior and that are provided to students before
- 10 problems occur.
- 11 (6) "Superintendent" means the superintendent of public
- 12 instruction.
- 13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** (1) From funds appropriated by the
- 14 legislature, the superintendent shall establish the fair start program
- 15 to assist school districts in providing prevention and intervention
- 16 programs for elementary grade students. The fair start program shall
- 17 not become a part of the state's basic program of education obligation
- 18 as set forth under Article IX of the state Constitution.
- 19 (2) The superintendent shall distribute funds equitably to all
- 20 school districts based on the district's enrollment in grades
- 21 kindergarten through six. However, the allocations for school
- 22 districts enrolling fewer than one thousand full-time equivalent
- 23 students shall be distributed to the educational service district in
- 24 which the district is located. The educational service district shall
- 25 use the allocation to provide early intervention and prevention
- 26 services under a cooperative agreement between the district and the
- 27 educational service district. Educational service districts shall
- 28 coordinate the use of staff and resources to serve school districts.
- 29 Fair start funds shall not be used to replace funding for existing

- 1 activities. However, any district currently providing elementary
- 2 students with prevention and intervention services that loses the
- 3 source of funding for those services, for reasons beyond the control of
- 4 the district, may use fair start funds to continue or enhance the
- 5 existing level of prevention and intervention services.
- 6 (3) Two or more school districts may cooperatively administer an
- 7 elementary prevention and intervention program. An educational service
- 8 district may administer a program on behalf of one or more school
- 9 districts.
- 10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** (1) School districts and educational
- 11 service districts accepting fair start funds shall submit not later
- 12 than June 1, 1993, the following information to the superintendent of
- 13 public instruction:
- 14 (a) District goals relating to prevention and early intervention
- 15 services for elementary students and the district's plan, based on the
- 16 goals, for providing prevention and early intervention services to
- 17 students. To ensure delivery of appropriate services to students
- 18 through a coordinated network of service providers, districts shall
- 19 document that community-based public and/or private human service
- 20 providers, district-level and building-level staff and administrators,
- 21 and parents participated in developing the goals and plan;
- 22 (b) Documentation of written interagency agreements or contracts
- 23 between school and educational service districts, and public and/or
- 24 private community-based human service providers to provide prevention
- 25 and early intervention services to students;
- 26 (c) Procedures for notifying parents or guardians regarding the
- 27 referral of students for prevention and intervention services and
- 28 liability issues relating to the provision of prevention and
- 29 intervention services to students outside school buildings;

- 1 (d) Use of grant funds for prevention and intervention-related
- 2 inservice purposes, including as necessary and appropriate,
- 3 multicultural in-service training; and
- 4 (e) Other information as requested by the superintendent.
- 5 (2) To the greatest extent possible, the delivery of prevention and
- 6 early intervention services to students:
- 7 (a) Shall not be duplicative of other programs;
- 8 (b) Shall be consistent with the applicable children's mental
- 9 health delivery system developed under chapter 71.36 RCW;
- 10 (c) Shall emphasize the most efficient and cost-effective use of
- 11 fair start funds; and
- 12 (d) Shall be provided on a twelve-month basis.
- 13 (3) When using school personnel to provide prevention and
- 14 intervention services, school districts are encouraged to utilize
- 15 paraprofessionals.
- 16 (4) School districts and educational service districts accepting
- 17 fair start funds shall enter into written interagency agreements with
- 18 community-based public and/or private human service providers to assure
- 19 delivery of appropriate services to students.
- 20 <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **Sec. 5**. (1) Districts shall use fair start funds
- 21 to provide prevention and intervention services to students with
- 22 priority given to students based on need. Districts shall establish
- 23 the criteria determining need.
- 24 (2) Funds from the fair start program regarding health care shall
- 25 be used only for services and information relating to nutrition and
- 26 poor health.
- 27 (3) Nothing under sections 2 through 7 of this act precludes a
- 28 district from incorporating a primary intervention program model or a

- 1 family support worker model as part of the district's fair start
- 2 program.
- 3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** The superintendent of public instruction
- 4 may adopt rules as necessary under chapter 34.05 RCW to implement
- 5 sections 2 through 5 of this act.
- 6 NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. Upon request, the superintendent shall
- 7 provide information to districts regarding how other districts have
- 8 used fair start funds locally or how other districts have established
- 9 interagency agreements with community-based public and/or private human
- 10 service providers under section 4 of this act.
- 11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** Sections 2 through 7 of this act are
- 12 each added to chapter 28A.600 RCW.
- 13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** If any provision of this act or its
- 14 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the
- 15 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other
- 16 persons or circumstances is not affected.

Passed the Senate March 12, 1992.

Passed the House March 12, 1992.

Approved by the Governor April 2, 1992.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 2, 1992.